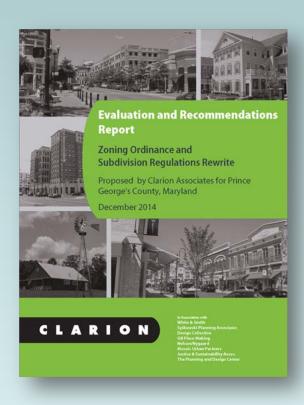


The Planning and Design Center

Overview of Presentation

1. Background

- Status of Rewrite Project where we have been and where we are going
- Reasons for the Rewrite –
 Evaluation and Recommendations Report
- How the Public Review Draft (Modules 1-3)
 Responds
- 2. Refinement: The Comprehensive Review Draft



-2- July 2017

Project Schedule

	Task	Schedule
1.	Public Outreach and Input	2014-Ongoing
2.	Evaluation and Recommendations Report	2014
3.	 Drafting the new Zoning and Subdivision Regulations Module 1: Zones and Use Regulations Module 2: Development Standards Module 3: Administration and Subdivision Testing Comprehensive Review Draft: Zoning Ordinance and Subdivision Regulations 	2015-2017
4.	Adoption	2018
5.	Implementing the New Regulations	2018

General Observations

- Project is generally on schedule
- The current draft rewrite is a significant improvement over existing development regulations
- Evaluation and Recommendations Report recommendations have generally been followed, with a few departures
 - Some procedures
 - Pressure to re-insert complex zones and standards

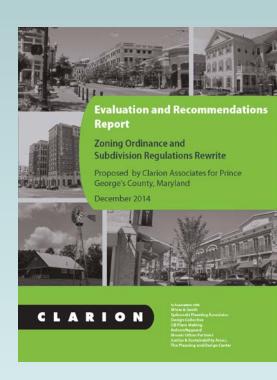


4- July 2017

Reasons for the Rewrite

Key Project Themes

- 1: More Streamlined and User-Friendly Code
- 2: Simpler Zones and Zone Regulations
- 3: Implement *Plan Prince George's 2035*
- 4: Updated Regulations that Best Fit Prince George's County



-5- July 2017

Reasons for the Rewrite

Evaluation and Recommendations Report

- County is still not attracting desired development
- Lengthy procedures, subjective standards, and unpredictable outcomes under current regulations are part of problem
- More predictable standards and more objective project approval criteria would help attract better quality development and more jobs to the county
- Need to get zoning and subdivision reform adopted this time



How the Public Review Draft (Modules 1-3) Responds

- Simplifies zones from 73 to 42
- Simplifies uses from 1,200 to 229
- Implements Plan Prince George's 2035
 - Supports mixed-use, walkable development at transit stations and activity centers and redevelopment consistent with desired character
 - Protects rural character, existing single-family neighborhoods, and sensitive lands
- Simplifies development process for preferred development and makes more demanding for other development
- Modernizes development standards
- Consolidates and clarifies procedures
- Strengthens opportunities for early and meaningful public involvement





General

- Definitions refined and moved to front of document
- Transitional (i.e. "grandfathering") provisions refined

Procedures

- Election to review major detailed site plan added
- Clarifies municipal authority to decide variances and departures, but does not expand municipal authority
- Certification of nonconforming use procedure added
- Minor and Major Departures refined to identify specific development standards that can be varied
- Authority for Planning Director to approve specific minor deviations from Planned Development Plan/Conditions, minor changes to special exceptions, and minor amendments to major detailed site plans refined

Zone Changes

Zones renamed to start with the zone type (Residential, Commercial, etc.)

Zones deleted

- Residential Planned Development–Low Density
- Campus Activity Center Planned Development

Zones added

- Legacy Comprehensive Design Zone
- Residential Mobile Home Zone (previously a PD zone)
- Military Installation Overlay Zone
- Greenbelt Neighborhood Conservation Overlay Zone
- Mount Rainier Neighborhood Conservation Overlay Zone.

Table 27-4.102: Establishment of Zones

Base Zones

Rural and Agricultural Base Zones

ROS: Reserved Open Space Zone

AG: Agriculture and Preservation Zone

AR: Agriculture Residential Zone

Residential Zones

RE: Residential Estate Zone

RR: Rural Residential Zone

RSF-96: Residential, Single-Family - 96 Zone

RSF-65: Residential, Single-Family - 65 Zone

RSF-A: Residential, Single-Family - Attached Zone

RMF-12: Residential, Multifamily-12 Zone

RMF-20: Residential, Multifamily-20 Zone

RMF-48: Residential, Multifamily-48 Zone

Nonresidential Base Zones

CN: Commercial Neighborhood Zone

CGO: Commercial General and Office Zone

CS: Commercial Service Zone

IE: Industrial/Employment Zone

IH: Industrial, Heavy Zone

Transit-Oriented/Activity Center Base Zones

NAC: Neighborhood Activity Center Zone

TAC: Town Activity Center Zone

LTO: Local Transit-Oriented Zone

RTO-L: Regional Transit-Oriented - Low Intensity Zone

RTO-H: Regional Transit-Oriented - High Intensity Zone

Other Base Zones

RMH: Residential Mobile Home Zone

LCD: Legacy Comprehensive Design Zone

Planned Development Zones

Residential Planned Development Zones

R-PD: Residential Planned Development Zone

Transit-Oriented/Activity Center Planned Development

NAC-PD: Neighborhood Activity Center Planned Development

TAC-PD: Town Activity Center Planned Development Zone

LTO-PD Local Transit-Oriented Planned Development Zone

RTO-PD Regional Transit-Oriented Planned Development Zone

Other Planned Development Zones

MU-PD: Mixed-Use Planned Development Zone

IE-PD: Industrial/Employment Planned Development Zone

Overlay Zones

Policy Area Overlay Zones

CBCA: Chesapeake Bay Critical Area Overlay Zone

APA: Aviation Policy Area Overlay Zone

MIO: Military Installation Overlay Zone

Other Overlay Zones

NCO: Neighborhood Conservation Overlay Zone

Zone Changes

- Minimum amount of non-residential uses required in TAC, LTO, and RTO core areas to achieve mix of uses
- Legacy Comprehensive Design Zone carries forward specific existing CDZs if a CDP or SDP has been approved and:
 - The land is fully developed in accordance with the CDP or SDP; or
 - The CDP or SDP remains valid under the transitional provisions
- Provisions for modification of development standards in Planned Development zones consolidated into one table



Table 27-4.301.E.2: Modification of Development Standards			
Standard	Means of Modifying		
General Site Layout (Division 24-3, Subdivision Standards; Sec. 27-6.100, Roadway Access, Mobility, and Circulation)	PD Basic Plan		
Subdivision (Division 24-3: Subdivision Standards)	PD Basic Plan		
Roadway Access, Mobility, and Circulation (Sec. 27-6.100)	PD Basic Plan		
Off-Street Parking and Loading (including bicycle parking) (Sec. 27-6.200)	Alternative Parking Plan PD Basic Plan		
Open Space Set-Asides (Sec. 27-6.300)	Modifications Prohibited		
Landscaping (Sec. 27-6.400)	Alternative Landscape Plan PD Basic Plan		
Fences and Walls (Sec. 27-6.500)	PD Basic Plan		
Exterior Lighting (Sec. 27-6.600)	PD Basic Plan		
Environmental Protection and Noise Controls (floodplain management, environmental features, stormwater, erosion and sedimentation, CBCA protections, wetlands, hoise) (Sec. 27-6.700)	Modifications Prohibited		
Multifamily, Townhouse, and Three-Family Form and Design (Sec. 27-6.800)	PD Basic Plan		
Nonresidential and Mixed-Use Form and Design (Sec. 27-6.900)	PD Basic Plan		
Industrial Form and Design (Sec. 27-6.1000)	PD Basic Plan		
Neighborhood Compatibility (Sec. 27-6.1100)	PD Basic Plan		
Agricultural Compatibility (Sec. 27-6.1200)	Modifications Prohibited, if Applicable		
Signage (Sec. 27-6.1400)	Alternative Sign Plan PD Basic Plan		
Green Building (Sec. 27-6.1500)	Modifications Prohibited		

Use Regulation Changes

- New uses and standards incorporated based on:
 - Recent Council amendments (medical cannabis, urban farm); and
 - Input from stakeholders (private dormitory, pet grooming establishment)
- Video lottery facilities added
- Mixed-use retail standards added for Commercial Neighborhood (CN) Zone
- Accessory uses refined and expanded (e.g. beekeeping)



Development Standards

- New noise control standards
- New urban farm compatibility standards
- Many minor revisions



Subdivision Regulations

- Refined transitional provisions for pending subdivisions and those approved during drafting process
- Distinction between major and minor subdivision refined
- Public facility adequacy standards refined certificate of adequacy required for transportation, parks and recreation facilities – expiration period increased from 2 to 6 years
- District Council authorized to establish adequacy standards for schools, police, and fire/EMS

Getting to the Finish Line

- Don't forget the Evaluation and Recommendations Report
 - Simpler zone district structure
 - Much simpler permitted use list
 - More objective development criteria
 - More predictable procedures and outcomes
- Sliding back to familiar complex tools before you see if simpler tools work better defeats the purpose
- Get the right framework in place
 - Smaller detailed changes can wait
 - Don't revisit decisions already made



Next Steps

- Finalize Comprehensive Review Draft for Public Release (September)
- Prepare Legislative Draft for Adoption (January 2018)
- Adoption
- Applications Manual
- Countywide Zoning Map Amendment

